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Systematic study of Zr⁴⁺, Nb⁵⁺ and Mo⁶⁺ doping in LiNi_{0.8}Mn_{0.1}Co_{0.1}O₂ (NMC811) cathodes prepared from a commercial Ni_{0.8}Mn_{0.1}Co_{0.1}(OH)₂ precursor: Structural and electrochemical perspectives

By [Lia, NA](#) (Lia, Nur Anna) ^{[1], [2]}; [Elong, K](#) (Elong, Kelimah) ^{[1], [3]}; [Saaid, FI](#) (Saaid, Farish Irfal) ^[4]; [Isti'adzah, L](#) (Isti'adzah, Lailatul) ^[1]; [Azahidi, A](#) (Azahidi, Azira) ^[5]; [Basri, ND](#) (Basri, Nurul Dhabitah) ^[1]; [Mokhtar, NAM](#) (Mokhtar, Nurul Atikah Mohd) ^[6]; [Yaakob, MK](#) (Yaakob, Muhamad Kamil) ^{[1], [2]}; [Kasim, MF](#) (Kasim, Muhd Firdaus) ^{[1], [3]}

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Abstract Lithium-ion batteries (LIBs) are widely used in energy storage due to their high energy density, long cycle life, and scalability. Nickel-rich lithium nickel manganese cobalt oxides (Ni-rich NMCs) are promising cathode materials owing to their high energy density. However, their application is limited by low stability, leading to capacity loss at high delithiated states and safety concerns. In this study, layered LiNi_{0.8}Mn_{0.1}Co_{0.1}O₂ (NMC811) cathode was doped with high oxidation state elements (Zr, Nb, and Mo), known for strong transition metal--oxygen (TM-O) bond energies. These dopants can hinder oxygen release and improve the chemical stability of Ni-rich cathodes. The materials were synthesized via a solvent solution method. X-ray diffraction (XRD) confirmed a single-phase layered structure without impurity peaks, and all doped samples showed an increased I(003)/I(104) intensity ratio, indicating reduced cation mixing. No significant changes in particle morphology were observed due to the low dopant level (1 wt%). Electrochemical tests showed that Zr- and Mo-doped samples delivered higher initial discharge capacities and better cycling stability. Notably, Zr-doped NMC (ZrNMC) retained 71.6% of its capacity after 100 cycles at 0.1 C, compared to 49.6% for pristine NMC. Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) revealed that ZrNMC exhibited lower charge transfer resistance during cycling, suggesting improved ion transport. These results indicate that doping with high oxidation state elements is an effective strategy to enhance the structural and electrochemical performance of Ni-rich NMC cathodes, making them more viable for next-generation LIB applications.

Keywords **Author Keywords:** Lithium-ion batteries; Ni-rich cathodes; High oxidation state dopants; Zr doping; Nb doping; Mo doping
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Author Information	Corresponding Address: Univ Teknol MARA, Inst Sci, Ctr Funct Mat & Nanotechnol, Shah Alam 40450, Malaysia E-mail Addresses : muhdfir@uitm.edu.my Addresses : <ul style="list-style-type: none">¹ Univ Teknol MARA, Inst Sci, Ctr Funct Mat & Nanotechnol, Shah Alam 40450, Malaysia² Univ Teknol MARA, Fac Appl Sci, Sch Phys & Mat Studies, Shah Alam 40450, Malaysia³ Univ Teknol MARA, Fac Appl Sci, Sch Chem & Environm, Shah Alam 40450, Malaysia⁴ Univ Teknol MARA Pahang, Fac Appl Sci, Bandar Tun Abdul Razak Je 26400, Pahang, Malaysia⁵ Univ Teknol MARA Cawangan Sarawak, Fac Appl Sci, Kota Samarahan 94300, Sarawak, Malaysia ...more addresses E-mail Addresses : muhdfir@uitm.edu.my	Kasim, Muhd Firdaus (corresponding author)
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