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# Screening for type 2 diabetes and periodontitis patients (CODAPT-My©): a multidisciplinary care approach

BMC Health Services Research • Article • Open Access • 2022 •

Cited by (7)

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DOI: 10.1186/s12913-022-08429-w

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## **Abstract**

Document

Background: The practice of referring diabetic patients for dental intervention has been poor despite awareness and knowledge of the oral health effects of diabetes. Likewise, dentists treating patients receiving diabetes treatment are rarely updated on the glycaemic status and as a result, the opportunity for shared management of these patients is missed. This study aimed to provide a standardised care pathway which will initiate screening for diabetes from dental clinics and link patients with primary care for them to receive optimised care for glycaemic control. Method: A

References (29)

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**Impact** 

Modified Delphi technique was employed to obtain consensus on recommendations, based on current evidence and best care practices to screen for diabetes among patients attending dental clinics for periodontitis. Expert panel members were recruited using snowball technique where the experts comprised Family Medicine Specialists (5), Periodontists (6), Endocrinologists (3) and Clinical Pharmacists (4) who are involved in management of patients with diabetes at public and private healthcare facilities. Care algorithms were designed based on existing public healthcare services. Results: The CODAPT<sup>©</sup> panel recommends referral to primary care for further evaluation of glycaemic status if patients diagnosed with periodontitis record fasting capillary blood glucose levels  $\geq$  5.6 mmol/L. Intervention treatment options for prediabetes are listed, and emphasis on feedback to the dental healthcare team is outlined specifically. Conclusion: The CODAPT<sup>©</sup> care pathway has the potential to link dental clinics with primary care for diagnosis and/or optimised treatment of prediabetes/diabetes among patients receiving periodontitis treatment. © 2022, The Author(s).

# Author keywords

Care pathway; Dental; Diabetes; Periodontitis; Prediabetes; Primary healthcare

## Indexed keywords

#### MeSH

Diabetes Mellitus, Type 2; Humans; Mass Screening; Periodontitis; Prediabetic State; Referral and Consultation

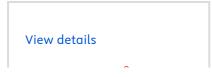
#### **EMTREE** medical terms

human; impaired glucose tolerance; mass screening; non insulin dependent diabetes mellitus; patient referral; periodontitis; procedures

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# Funding details

Details about financial support for research, including funding sources and grant numbers as provided in academic publications.

Funding sponsor	Funding number	Acronym
Malaysian Research University Network	MRUN-Rakan-RU-2019—02/1	
Ministry of Higher Education, Malaysia See opportunities by MOHE    ✓	Malaysian Research University Network Grant (MRUN-Rakan-RU-2019-02/1)	МОНЕ

## **Funding text**

This study was funded by the Ministry of Higher Education, Malaysia through the Malaysian Research University Network Grant (MRUN-Rakan-RU-2019–02/1). The funding body does not provide any input in the analysis and interpretation of data, and in writing the manuscript.

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