APPLICATION OF POCKET GARDENS & LANDSCAPE SPACES IN URBAN CONTEXT

Dr. Mazlina Mansor, Dept. of Landscape Architecture Kulliyyah of architecture & Environmental Design, International Islamic University Malaysia



CONTENTS

- Types of pocket garden & landscape space
- Use & activities of urban spaces
- Landscape spatial materials
- Form composition
- Some examples of project
- Attributes of successful landscape spaces

TYPES OF URBAN LANDSCAPE SPACES





Pocket gardens & spaces

- A small-scale urban space.
- Scattered throughout the urban fabric.
- Serve the immediate local population.
- Designed for heavy use by immediate users due to its location at a dense area.
- Can be created on vacant lots or forgotten space/ incidental spaces.
- Increase the amount of permeable surfaces throughout the city.

City/urban/ district/local park Padang, medan, plaza square Pocket garden, minipark; vest pocket garden; secluded flower garden

Linear spaces, (pedestrian mall, streetscape, active frontage, five-foot walkway/ Corridor) Parklet, kerblet, incidental space

1) Civic open space - padang; plaza; square

- They serve as a stage for public lives the settings where celebrations are held, social and economic exchanges take place, and where cultures mix.
- They are the "front porches" of public institutions post offices, courthouses, federal office buildings where we can interact with each other.

(Project for Public Spaces)



An event at Dataran Merdeka, Kuala Lumpur



Medan Pasar, Kuala Lumpur

2) Pocket gardens

- Pocket park; minipark; pocket space; vest pocket garden; secluded flower garden.
- Urban open spaces on a small-scale that provide a safe and inviting environment for surrounding community.
- They also meet a variety of needs and functions small event space, play areas for children, spaces for relaxing or meeting friends, taking lunch breaks, etc.



Pocket garden in front of the Lot 10, Kuala Lumpur



Pocket garden in front of shopping district, Kuala Lumpur

Blake, A. (2013). Pocket parks. Open Space Seattle, 2100.

3) Linear landscape spaces

• Spaces that is substantially longer than it is wide. e.g. Pedestrian mall; streetscape (tree-link streets); active frontage, five-foot walkway/corridor







4) Parklet & kerblet; vacant lot; small incidental space/loose-fit space

- Small extension of spaces at a sidewalk that provides more space and amenities for people using the street.
- A public amenity including outdoor space for nearby cafés and restaurants, bike racks, planter boxes, benches, landscaping.





Why do we need to the design the small spaces in the city?

Amenities; Community; Gathering; Recreation; History; Celebration; Art; Performance

Active frontage; social node

Parklet;kerblet

Streetscape; treelink walkway

Image from: https://www.burnaby.ca/City-Services/

Why do we need to design the small spaces in the city?



Good landscape spaces allow people a variety of necessary & voluntary activities

Necessary: working; living; business; get to point A to point B Voluntary: eat outdoors; leisure; walking; meet friends

Provides conducive spaces for USE & ACTIVITIES

NECESSARY ACTIVITIES working; living; business

Getting to point A to point B

VOLUNTARY ACTIVITIES

A refuge from the bustle of surrounding urban life; rest and relaxation; meet friends; gather; eat outdoor; small events; play space; people watching



Why do we need them? Green amenity Communal space Public realm

- The outdoor area that provides additional facilities for urban residents to enjoy, relax and socialize.
- Pocket gardens & small landscape spaces that have been designed well would have a strong aesthetic appeal to invite users to spend time in them.
- They will make the outdoor landscape of a building inviting and attractive to users.
- The resulting activity in these spaces would make buildings within them look livelier and enhance the overall appearance of the surroundings.
- Their enhancement will increase the functional value of the space and the surrounding areas.



Laman Tun Perak, KL

Source: Thinkcity



Pocket space, Tun Razak Exchange (TRX)

How landscape achieves a great place through spatial qualities? SPATIAL MATERIALS



SPATIAL MATERIALS

1. Landform



Sowwah Square, Abu Dhabi



Minneapolis Courthouse Plaza



Minneapolis Courthouse Plaza

2.Softscape

hardy plants. TREE PALM **BAMBOO** SHRUBS GROUNDCOVER **CLIMBER AOUATIC PLANT TURF/GRASS** spreading columnar pyramidal weeping round

fastigiated

SPATIAL MATERIALS

picturesque

For small spaces, select medium to small size trees, easy maintenance & hardy plants.

Architectural & aesthetic functions form, colour, texture

Create theme

Focal point, welcoming, identity Enhance building facade Soften building outlines Sense of direction Shade & Thermal comfort Unifying effect

Framing view decorative accent and contrast silhouettes and reflection smell

SPATIAL MATERIALS

3.Hardscape

4.Structure

- Surface materials pavement
- Separating & enclosing elements – wall, bollard, fence
- Linkages bridge, gateway
- Site furnishing seatings, lighting
- Focal elements sculpture, gazebo, shelter



Fengming Mountain Park, China



Grand Canal Square, Dublin



Beiqijia Technology Business district

SPATIAL MATERIALS

5. Water element

Flat, static water, flowing water & falling water elements

• Pool; pond; channel; cascade; waterfall; water jets





How landscape achieves great place through spatial qualities? FORM COMPOSITION OF DESIGN

A series of solutions with the same basic functional arrangement, but each with a different THEME, CHARACTER and FORM.



FORM COMPOSITION OF DESIGN

For a small-scale site, the design form can be **simple form** & uses **geometric** design theme e.g. rectilinear, curvilinear, circular, angular, arc & tangent, or their combination.





Curvilinear



Arch-and-tangent

FORM COMPOSITION OF DESIGN





Symbolic



And many more...

EXAMPLES OF PROJECT

Landscape spaces in KL City: Reclaiming the Streets, WUF9 2018 (by thinkcity)



PARKLETS

Parklet 1: Pacific Express Hotel, Jalan Hang Kasturi





Parklet 2: Purple Cane Tea Shop, Jalan Panggong





KERBLETS

Kerblet 1: Junk Book Store, Jalan Tun H S Lee





Kerblet 2: Beef Noodle Store, Jalan Tun H S Lee





Activities:

Survey using 'Tick And Stick' Interviews with the public/users

AGE: WHY YOU ARE HERE TODAY:

LIVE IN KL?	Yes	No	WORK IN KL?		Yes	No
1) Which Ol	Reaso	on:				
Parking		Parklet	:			

2) What do you FEEL about this space? Do you like it?

3)	3) What will make you COME here again?						
	Recreation	Arts	Easy Access				
	Leisure	Comfort	Safe				
	Nearby my	Nearby my house/workplace					

4) What do you love about KUALA LUMPUR city?















Activities: Assisting the public in 'Feel free to sketch'



27

Activities: Care for the landscape spaces



What makes a great place?

•

-





•

N : •

Successful pocket gardens & landscape in urban spaces? BASIC RULES





International Lecture

Applications of Pocket Gardens and Landscape Spaces in Urban Context

Delivering Urban Ecosystem Services - Does Plant Choice Matter

Speaker

Assoc, Prof. Dr. Mazlina Mansor

Department of Landscape Architecture Kulliyyah of Architecture and Environtmental Design International Islamic University Malaysia (IIUM)

Department of Landscape Architecture Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (UTM)

Moderator

Septi Maulidyah, S.T., M.T

Department of Landscape Architecture Institut Teknologi Sumatera (ITERA)

Book Your Seat - http://bit.ly/webinarlLARL_series_2-1 Open for public with a maximum capacity of 300 people Free e-certificate* (*terms and conditions apply) Contact Person - Poppy | 0853 8357 0636

Thank You!

Arsitektur Lanskap ITERA

Wednesday

March, 24th 2021

Time : 10.00 - 13.00 WIB