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Volume 5, Issue 9, September 2019, Article number e02444

## Low intensity white noise improves performance in auditory working memory task: An fMRI study (Article) [\(Open Access\)](#)

Othman, E.<sup>a,b</sup> ✉️, Yusoff, A.N.<sup>b</sup> ✉️, Mohamad, M.<sup>b</sup>, Abdul Manan, H.<sup>c</sup>, Giampietro, V.<sup>d</sup>, Abd Hamid, A.I.<sup>e</sup>, Dzulkifli, M.A.<sup>f</sup>, Osman, S.S.<sup>c</sup>, Wan Burhanuddin, W.I.D.<sup>g</sup> 👤

<sup>a</sup>Department of Medical Imaging, Faculty of Health Sciences, Universiti Sultan Zainal Abidin, Kuala Terengganu, 21300, Malaysia

<sup>b</sup>Center for Health and Applied Sciences, Faculty of Health Sciences, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Jalan Raja Muda Abdul Aziz, Kuala Lumpur, 50300, Malaysia

<sup>c</sup>Department of Radiology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia Medical Centre, Jalan Yaacob Latif, Bandar Tun Razak, Cheras, Kuala Lumpur, 56000, Malaysia

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### Abstract

Research suggests that white noise may facilitate auditory working memory performance via stochastic resonance. Stochastic resonance is quantified by plotting cognitive performance as a function of noise intensity. The plot would appear as an inverted U-curve, that is, a moderate noise is beneficial for performance whereas too low and too much noise attenuates performance. However, knowledge about the optimal signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) needed for stochastic resonance to occur in the brain, particularly in the neural network of auditory working memory, is limited and demand further investigation. In the present study, we extended previous works on the impact of white noise on auditory working memory performance by including multiple background noise levels to map out the inverted U-curve for the stochastic resonance. Using functional magnetic resonance imaging (fMRI), twenty healthy young adults performed a word-based backward recall span task under four signal-to-noise ratio conditions: 15, 10, 5, and 0-dB SNR. Group results show significant behavioral improvement and increased activation in frontal cortices, primary auditory cortices, and anterior cingulate cortex in all noise conditions, except at 0-dB SNR, which decreases activation and performance. When plotted as a function of signal-to-noise ratio, behavioral and fMRI data exhibited a noise-benefit inverted U-shaped curve. Additionally, a significant positive correlation was found between the activity of the right superior frontal gyrus (SFG) and performance in 5-dB SNR. The predicted phenomenon of SR on auditory working memory performance is confirmed. Findings from this study suggest that the optimal signal-to-noise ratio to enhance auditory working memory performance is within 10 to 5-dB SNR and that the right SFG may be a strategic structure involved in enhancement of auditory working memory performance. © 2019

### SciVal Topic Prominence ⓘ

Topic: Music | Speech | Congenital amusia

Prominence percentile: 98.046 ⓘ

### Author keywords

Auditory working memory Education Intensity MRI Neuroscience Psychology Stochastic resonance White noise

### Funding details

Funding sponsor Funding number Acronym

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Hemispheric Lateralization of Auditory Working Memory Regions During Stochastic Resonance: An fMRI Study  
Othman, E.A. , Yusoff, A.N. , Mohamad, M.  
(2019) *Journal of Magnetic Resonance Imaging*

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Funding number

Acronym

GGP-2017-010

#### Funding text

This work was supported by UKM Incentive Research Grant [ GGP-2017-010 ].

ISSN: 24058440

Source Type: Journal

Original language: English

DOI: 10.1016/j.heliyon.2019.e02444

Document Type: Article

Publisher: Elsevier Ltd

Yusoff, A.N.; Center for Health and Applied Sciences, Faculty of Health Sciences, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Jalan Raja Muda Abdul Aziz, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; email:nazlimtrw@ukm.edu.my

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