

# Document details

< Back to results | 1 of 1

Export Download Print E-mail Save to PDF Add to List More...

View at Publisher

Proceedings - 6th International Conference on Computer and Communication Engineering: Innovative Technologies to Serve Humanity, ICCCE 2016  
29 December 2016, Article number 7808359, Pages 454-458  
6th International Conference on Computer and Communication Engineering, ICCCE 2016; International Islamic University Malaysia Kuala Lumpur; Malaysia; 25 July 2016 through 27 July 2016; Category number E5811; Code 125901

## Radiation Characteristics and SEU Rates in NEqO Environment Using SPENVIS (Conference Paper)

Souaad<sup>a</sup>, Manzar<sup>a</sup>, Rahim, R.B.A.<sup>a</sup>, Sabri, S.F.<sup>b</sup>, Hasbullah, N.F.<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>ECE Department, International Islamic, University Malaysia, Malaysia

<sup>b</sup>National Space Agency, Malaysia

### Abstract

View references (11)

RazakSat1 was launched at Near Equatorial Orbit (NEqO) where Trapped Protons / Electrons (TP/TE) and Galactic Cosmic Rays (GCR) has intensive effect on satellite's memory like SRAM based FPGA. Due to this devastating effect, it is important to investigate the radiation environment of the orbit to predict the SEU rate for 6T SRAM, which is the building block of SRAM based FPGA. This study investigates the radiation environment in NEqO specifically for the orbit of RazakSat satellite. Solar Event Particles (SEPs), Trapped Protons / Electrons (TP/TE) and Galactic Cosmic Rays (GCR) are the three main sources of radiation which are taken to consideration in this study. The fluxes spectra of these three types are simulated and SEU rates for 180nm 6T SRAM are predicted using SPENVIS models for NEqO orbit. The results show that GCR fluxes are the most dominant at NEqO which reached to 105 MeV whereas TE has 4MeV and TP has the second dominant fluxes with 400 MeV. However, if the magnetic shielding atmosphere is on, there are no solar particles fluxes and almost no SEU was detected. Results also illustrate that SEU rates at NEqO is 0.5 upset / bit day when there is no shielding to the device (6T SRAM) but this rates reduced by 1.6 x 10<sup>6</sup> times when the device shielded by 0.5 g/cm<sup>2</sup> of Aluminium. Comparisons of NEqO with polar orbit in terms of shielding effect and SEU rates are also presented in this study. © 2016 IEEE.

### SciVal Topic Prominence

Topic: High electron mobility transistors | Gallium nitride | Electron traps

Prominence percentile: 85.137

### Author keywords

- Galactic Cosmic Rays (GCR) Near Equatorial Orbit (NEqO) Radiation Environment Single Event Upset (SEU) Solar Event Particles (SEP) SRAM Trapped Electron (TE) Trapped Proton (TP)

### Indexed keywords

- Engineering controlled terms: Cosmic rays Cosmology Field programmable gate arrays (FPGA) Orbits Radiation hardening Shielding Static random access storage

- Engineering uncontrolled terms: Equatorial orbits Galactic cosmic rays Radiation environments Single event upsets Solar events Trapped electrons Trapped Proton (TP)

### Metrics View all metrics

1 Citation in Scopus

0.46 Field-Weighted Citation Impact



### PlumX Metrics

Usage, Captures, Mentions, Social Media and Citations beyond Scopus.

### Cited by 1 document

Predicting system failure rates of SRAM-based FPGA on-board processors in space radiation environments

Jung, S. , Choi, J.P. (2019) *Reliability Engineering and System Safety*

View details of this citation

Inform me when this document is cited in Scopus:

Set citation alert

Set citation feed

### Related documents

Electrical Characterization of Commercial GaN LEDs Subjected to Electron Radiation with Different Conveyor Speed per Pass

Hedzir, A.S. , Muridan, N. , Abdullah, Y. (2016) *Proceedings - 6th International Conference on Computer and Communication Engineering: Innovative Technologies to Serve Humanity, ICCCE 2016*

Investigating space radiation environment effects on communication of Razaksat-1  
Suparta, W. , Zulkeple, S.K.

Radiation damage study of electrical properties in GaN LEDs diode after electron irradiation

Abdullah, Y. , Hedzir, A.S. , Hasbullah, N.F. (2017) *Materials Science Forum*

View all related documents based on references

Find more related documents in Scopus based on:

Authors > Keywords >

ISBN: 978-150902427-8

Source Type: Conference Proceeding

Original language: English

DOI: 10.1109/ICCCE.2016.101

Document Type: Conference Paper

Sponsors:

Publisher: Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers Inc.

## References (11)

View in search results format >

All  Export  Print  E-mail  Save to PDF  Create bibliography

1 Benton, E.R., Benton, E.V.

### Space radiation dosimetry in low-Earth orbit and beyond

(2001) *Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research, Section B: Beam Interactions with Materials and Atoms*, 184 (1-2), pp. 255-294. Cited 289 times.  
doi: 10.1016/S0168-583X(01)00748-0

[View at Publisher](#)

2 Jacobs, I.S., Bean, C.P.

Fine particles, thin films and exchange anisotropy (1963) *Magnetism*, 3, pp. 271-350. Cited 1675 times.  
G. T. Rado and H. Suhl, Eds. New York: Academic

3 Suparta, W., Zulkeple, S.K.

### Spatial analysis of galactic cosmic ray particles in low earth orbit/near equator orbit using SPENVIS [\(Open Access\)](#)

(2014) *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*, 495 (1), art. no. 012040. Cited 5 times.  
<http://www.iop.org/ejproxy/um.edu.my/EJ/journal/conf>  
doi: 10.1088/1742-6596/495/1/012040

[View at Publisher](#)

4 [25/01/2016]

<http://Www.Spennis;l.k.,Oma.Be>

5 Oo, M.M., Md Rashid, N.K.A., Karim, J.A., Zin, M.R.M., Rahim, R.B., Azman, A.W., Hasbullah, N.F.

Electrical characterization of commercial bipolar junction transistors under neutron and gamma radiation (2014) *NUCLEAR TECHNOLOGY & RADIATION PROTECTION*, 29 (1), pp. 46-52. Cited 2 times.  
Q2