

Close

Print

**Record 1 of 1**

**Title:** Optimization and Formulation of Fucoxanthin-Loaded Microsphere (F-LM) Using Response Surface Methodology (RSM) and Analysis of Its Fucoxanthin Release Profile

**Author(s):** Jaswir, I (Jaswir, Irwandi); Noviendri, D (Noviendri, Dedi); Taher, M (Taher, Muhammad); Mohamed, F (Mohamed, Farahidah); Octavianti, F (Octavianti, Fitri); Lestari, W (Lestari, Widya); Mukti, AG (Mukti, Ali Ghufron); Nirwandar, S (Nirwandar, Sapta); Almansori, BBH (Almansori, Bubaker B. Hamad)

**Source:** MOLECULES **Volume:** 24 **Issue:** 5 **Article Number:** 947 **DOI:** 10.3390/molecules24050947 **Published:** MAR 1 2019

**Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection:** 0

**Total Times Cited:** 0

**Usage Count (Last 180 days):** 2

**Usage Count (Since 2013):** 2

**Cited Reference Count:** 60

**Abstract:** Fucoxanthin has interesting anticancer activity, but is insoluble in water, hindering its use as a drug. Microencapsulation is used as a technique for improving drug delivery. This study aimed to formulate fucoxanthin-loaded microspheres (F-LM) for anticancer treatment of H1299 cancer cell lines and optimize particle size (PS) and encapsulation efficiency (EE). Using response surface methodology (RSM), a face centered central composite design (FCCCD) was designed with three factors: Polyvinylalcohol (PVA), poly(D,L-lactic-co-glycolic acid) (PLGA), and fucoxanthin concentration. F-LM was produced using a modified double-emulsion solvent evaporation method. The F-LM were characterized for release profile, release kinetics, and degradation pattern. Optimal F-LM PS and EE of 9.18  $\mu$ m and 33.09%, respectively, with good surface morphology, were achieved from a 0.5% (w/v) PVA, 6.0% (w/v) PLGA, 200  $\mu$ g/mL fucoxanthin formulation at a homogenization speed of 20,500 rpm. PVA concentration was the most significant factor ( $p < 0.05$ ) affecting PS. Meanwhile, EE was significantly affected by interaction between the three factors: PVA, PLGA, and fucoxanthin. In vitro release curve showed fucoxanthin had a high burst release (38.3%) at the first hour, followed by a sustained release stage reaching (79.1%) within 2 months. Release kinetics followed a diffusion pattern predominantly controlled by the Higuchi model. Biodegradability studies based on surface morphology changes on the surface of the F-LM, show that morphology changed within the first hour, and F-LM completely degraded within 2 months. RSM under FCCCD design improved the difference between the lowest and highest responses, with good correlation between observed and predicted values for PS and EE of F-LM.

**Accession Number:** WOS:000462662900123

**PubMed ID:** 30866561

**Language:** English

**Document Type:** Article

**Author Keywords:** fucoxanthin; release profile; response surface methodology; microsphere; microencapsulation

**KeyWords Plus:** POLY(D,L-LACTIDE-CO-GLYCOLIDE) MICROSPHERES; INTERNAL MORPHOLOGY; PLGA MICROCAPSULES; ACID; DELIVERY; NANOPARTICLES; IMPROVEMENT; EXTRACTION; PARAMETERS; ANTITUMOR

**Addresses:** [Jaswir, Irwandi; Lestari, Widya; Almansori, Bubaker B. Hamad] Int Islamic Univ Malaysia, Int Inst Halal Res & Training INHART, Kuala Lumpur 53100, Malaysia.

[Jaswir, Irwandi; Noviendri, Dedi] IUM Gombak, Bioproc & Mol Engr Res Unit BPMERU, Kuala Lumpur 53100, Malaysia.

[Jaswir, Irwandi] Univ Ahmad Dahlan, Dept Pharmaceut Technol, Yogyakarta 55164, Indonesia.

[Taher, Muhammad; Mohamed, Farahidah] Int Islamic Univ Malaysia Kuantan, Fac Pharm, Dept Pharmaceut Technol, Kuantan 25200, Malaysia.

[Octavianti, Fitri] Univ Sains Islam Malaysia, Fac Dent, Dept Orthodont, Tower B, Persiaran Jalan Pandan Utama, Kuala Lumpur 55100, Malaysia.

[Mukti, Ali Ghufron] Minist Res Technol & Higher Educ Indonesia, Senayan 10340, Jakarta Pusat, Indonesia.

[Nirwandar, Sapta] Indonesia Halal Lifestyle Fdn, Jakarta 10230, Indonesia.

**Reprint Address:** Jaswir, I (reprint author), Int Islamic Univ Malaysia, Int Inst Halal Res & Training INHART, Kuala Lumpur 53100, Malaysia.

Jaswir, I (reprint author), IUM Gombak, Bioproc & Mol Engr Res Unit BPMERU, Kuala Lumpur 53100, Malaysia.

Jaswir, I (reprint author), Univ Ahmad Dahlan, Dept Pharmaceut Technol, Yogyakarta 55164, Indonesia.

**E-mail Addresses:** irwandi@iium.edu.my; ir98@hotmail.com; mtaher@iium.edu.my; farahidah@iium.edu.my; yanti75@yahoo.com;

dokterwidya@gmail.com; ghufromukti@yahoo.com; bob.naedi@gmail.com; science.abu@gmail.com

**Author Identifiers:**

Author	Web of Science ResearcherID	ORCID Number
Taher, Muhammad		0000-0002-1463-3090
Mohamed, Farahidah		0000-0003-3971-1443

**Publisher:** MDPI

**Publisher Address:** ST ALBAN-ANLAGE 66, CH-4052 BASEL, SWITZERLAND

**Web of Science Categories:** Biochemistry & Molecular Biology; Chemistry, Multidisciplinary

**Research Areas:** Biochemistry & Molecular Biology; Chemistry

**IDS Number:** HQ8GR

**ISSN:** 1420-3049

**29-char Source Abbrev.:** MOLECULES

**ISO Source Abbrev.:** Molecules

**Source Item Page Count:** 16

**Funding:**

Funding Agency	Grant Number
Ministry of Higher Education Malaysia	MOHE 18-002-0002

This research was funded by the Ministry of Higher Education Malaysia, KIHIM Research Grant MOHE 18-002-0002.

**Open Access:** DOAJ Gold, Green Published

**Output Date:** 2019-08-01

Close

Web of Science  
Page 1 (Records 1 -- 1)  
◀ [ 1 ] ▶

Print

Clarivate

Accelerating innovation

© 2019 Clarivate [Copyright notice](#) [Terms of use](#) [Privacy statement](#) [Cookie policy](#)

[Sign up for the Web of Science newsletter](#)

[Follow us](#)

