



Document details

[Back to results](#) | [Previous](#) 23 of 24 [Next](#)

[Export](#) [Download](#) [Print](#) [E-mail](#) [Save to PDF](#) [Add to List](#) [More...](#)

[Full Text](#) [View at Publisher](#)

Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology

Volume 1249, 2020, Pages 97-114

Scaffolds for Cartilage Regeneration : To Use or Not to Use? (Book Chapter)

Sha'ban, M.^a Ahmad Radzi, M.A.^b

^aDepartment of Physical Rehabilitation Sciences, Kulliyah of Allied Health Sciences, International Islamic University Malaysia, Kuantan, Pahang, Malaysia

^bDepartment of Biomedical Science, Kulliyah of Allied Health Sciences, International Islamic University Malaysia, Kuantan, Pahang, Malaysia

Abstract

View references (62)

Joint cartilage has been a significant focus on the field of tissue engineering and regenerative medicine (TERM) since its inception in the 1980s. Represented by only one cell type, cartilage has been a simple tissue that is thought to be straightforward to deal with. After three decades, engineering cartilage has proven to be anything but easy. With the demographic shift in the distribution of world population towards ageing, it is expected that there is a growing need for more effective options for joint restoration and repair. Despite the increasing understanding of the factors governing cartilage development, there is still a lot to do to bridge the gap from bench to bedside. Dedicated methods to regenerate reliable articular cartilage that would be equivalent to the original tissue are still lacking. The use of cells, scaffolds and signalling factors has always been central to the TERM. However, without denying the importance of cells and signalling factors, the question posed in this chapter is whether the answer would come from the methods to use or not to use scaffold for cartilage TERM. This paper presents some efforts in TERM area and proposes a solution that will transpire from the ongoing attempts to understand certain aspects of cartilage development, degeneration and regeneration. While an ideal formulation for cartilage regeneration has yet to be resolved, it is felt that scaffold is still needed for cartilage TERM for years to come. © 2020, Springer Nature Singapore Pte Ltd.

SciVal Topic Prominence

Topic: Articular Cartilage | Chondrocytes | Lysholm Knee Score

Prominence percentile: 98.694

Author keywords

[Biomaterial](#) [Cartilage](#) [Chondrocytes](#) [Development](#) [Regeneration](#) [Regenerative medicine](#) [Scaffolds](#)
[Tissue engineering](#)

Indexed keywords

EMTREE drug terms: [biomaterial](#) [peptide](#) [polymer](#)

Metrics [View all metrics](#)



PlumX Metrics

Usage, Captures, Mentions,
Social Media and Citations
beyond Scopus.

Cited by 0 documents

Inform me when this document
is cited in Scopus:

[Set citation alert](#)

[Set citation feed](#)

Related documents

Exploring the Islamic perspective
on tissue engineering principles
and practice

Munirah, S. , Zainul Ibrahim, Z. ,
Rozlin, A.R.
(2014) *Global Journal Al-Thaqafah*

The Synergy of Scaffold-Based
and Scaffold-Free Tissue
Engineering Strategies

Ovsianikov, A. , Khademhosseini,
A. , Mironov, V.
(2018) *Trends in Biotechnology*

Scaffold-based and Scaffold-free
Strategies in Dental Pulp
Regeneration

Dissanayaka, W.L. , Zhang, C.
(2020) *Journal of Endodontics*

[View all related documents based
on references](#)

Find more related documents in
Scopus based on:

[Authors](#) > [Keywords](#)

EMTREE medical terms:

alternative medicine | bone development | cartilage degeneration | cartilage regeneration |
cartilage transplantation | cell culture | ceramics | chondrocyte | chondrocyte implantation |
chondropathy | elastic cartilage | extracellular matrix | fibrocartilage | gene transfer |
genetic engineering | hip osteoarthritis | human | knee osteoarthritis | muscle training |
osteoarthritis | physiotherapy | priority journal | signal transduction | tissue engineering |
tissue regeneration | tissue structure |

Funding details

Funding text

The authors thanked the Ministry of Education (MOE) Malaysia Transdisciplinary Research

ISSN: 00652598

DOI: 10.1007/978-981-15-3258-0_7

CODEN: AEMBA

PubMed ID: 32602093

Source Type: Book Series

Document Type: Book Chapter

Original language: English

Publisher: Springer

References (62)

[View in search results format >](#)

All Export Print E-mail Save to PDF [Create bibliography](#)

- 1 (2018) *The WHO register*
WHO Accessed 11 Dec 2019
<https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/ageing-and-health>
- 2 Benders, K.E.M., Terpstra, M.L., Levato, R., Malda, J.
Fabrication of decellularized cartilage-derived matrix scaffolds

(2019) *Journal of Visualized Experiments*, 2019 (143), art. no. e58656. Cited 4 times.
<https://www.jove.com/pdf/58656>
doi: 10.3791/58656

[View at Publisher](#)
- 3 Hazwani, A., Sha'Ban, M., Azhim, A.
Characterization and in vivo study of decellularized aortic scaffolds using closed sonication system

(2019) *Organogenesis*, 15 (4), pp. 120-136.
<http://www.tandfonline.com/toc/kogg20/current>
doi: 10.1080/15476278.2019.1656997

[View at Publisher](#)
- 4 Wiggenhauser, P.S., Schwarz, S., Koerber, L., Hoffmann, T.K., Rotter, N.
Addition of decellularized extracellular matrix of porcine nasal cartilage improves cartilage regenerative capacities of PCL-based scaffolds in vitro

(2019) *Journal of Materials Science: Materials in Medicine*, 30 (11), art. no. 121. Cited 3 times.
www.wkap.nl/journalhome.htm/0957-4530
doi: 10.1007/s10856-019-6323-x

[View at Publisher](#)