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Volume 3, Issue Special Issue, 2018, Page S26A cross-sectional survey on the knowledge and attitudes towards E-waste and its impact on public health among IIUM students-Kuantan Campus
(Article)Islam, M. A.^a, Azad, A. K.^b, Sunzida, N.K.^c^aFaculty of Science, Department of Computational and Theoretical Sciences, International Islamic University Malaysia, Kuantan, Pahang, 25200, Malaysia^bFaculty of Pharmacy, International Islamic University Malaysia, Kuantan, Pahang, 25200, Malaysia^cGonoshasthaya Samaj Vittik Medical College, Mirzanagar Savar, Dhaka - Aricha Hwy, Dhaka, 1344, Bangladesh

Abstract

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Background: E-waste is a subset of solid waste and is defined as any solid waste which is generated by individual, educational institution, general institution, industry, housing area or as a household and so many other sources. This survey has led to an enhanced national or local and international awareness of the potential detrimental effects on the environment and public health. **Objective:** The main objective of this survey is to develop of public awareness about dangerous effect of e-waste on public health and environment. **Methods:** From the calculated sample size (341), a total of 296 surveys were included in the final analysis. This was a descriptive cross-sectional survey involving with individual users based on a structured questionnaire format with answer sets. Data were analysed using SPSS version 21.0 and excel. **Results:** The most significant number of respondents came to know about e-waste through internet and friend 36% and 22% while government awareness program and newspapers cover only 16% and 8% of them respectively. Almost all (99.66%) respondents do not know how to dispose e-waste. 86.49 percent of the total respondents agree that as an emerging industrial country Malaysia is at high risk for generating electrical waste where 82.77% are concerned of its related health problem caused. More than 95% of the respondents thinks that individual effort would be effective to reduce e-waste volume by practicing 3R. However, 93.24% of the respondents never got a chance to attend such awareness program because they never knew that there is e-waste awareness programme being conducted by university or community. **Conclusion:** Based on this survey report, all the respondents think that awareness programme on e-waste should be conducted by the institution to spread negative impact of e-waste on environment and public health. © 2018 Wolters Kluwer Medknow Publications. All rights reserved.

SciVal Topic Prominence [i](#)

Topic: Printed circuit boards | Recycling | Waste e-waste

Prominence percentile: 99.666 [i](#)

Author keywords

[Attitude](#) [E-waste](#) [Environment](#) [Knowledge](#) [Public health](#)

Indexed keywords

EMTREE medical terms:

[adult](#) [article](#) [awareness](#) [data analysis software](#) [e-waste](#) [female](#) [friend](#)
[government](#) [human](#) [human experiment](#) [Internet](#) [major clinical study](#) [Malaysia](#)
[male](#) [sample size](#) [social medicine](#) [structured questionnaire](#) [student](#)Metrics [i](#)

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undertaken to reduce e-waste generation and make e-waste constituents more simply reused and recycled ? The findings have highlighted the scientific 緣?xpert ?la?y divide in perception of health and environmental impacts of e-waste. Admittedly, even though not likely to inhibit or without difficulty resolve these misconceptions, this study documents the mightily held opinions about a potential health and environmental hazard in the study area. This will enable the authorities to fashion appropriate policy intervention(s) to increase public acceptability and willful participation, knowledge and attitudes towards e-waste. This calls for a multi-sectoral approach involving the Ministry of Local Administration and Rural Development; Ministry of Environment, Science and Technology and the Malaysian Health Service to

Funding text #2

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