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Muslim Women's Marriage, Pregnancy, Abortion and Spacing of Children: Evidence from the United States, Iran and Malaysia (Article)

Raja Ariffin, R.N.^a [✉](#), Talib @ Abdul Mutalib, M.A.^b, Satar, N.M.^c, Hanafi, H.^c, Othman, A.^d, Tumin, M.^a, Zahari, R.K.^e [👤](#)

^aDepartment of Administrative Studies and Politics, Faculty of Economics and Administration, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

^bDepartment of Applied Statistics, Faculty of Economics and Administration, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

^cDepartment of Economics, Faculty of Economics and Administration, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

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Abstract

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Background: This study investigates the decisions on marriage, pregnancy, abortion and spacing of children among Muslim women (MW) residing in the United States, Iran and Malaysia to explore the occurrences as well as socio-demographic characteristics associated with the likelihood of making an independent decision regarding sexual and reproductive health rights. **Methods:** A total of 1140 MW in Washington, D.C. (the United States), Tehran (Iran) and Kuala Lumpur (Malaysia) participated in this study, and the number of respondents were equally distributed across the three cities. To examine the occurrences of sexual and reproductive rights violation, we report the descriptive statistics from the responses given by MW in these cities. **Results:** On the decision to solemnize marriage, 84.5 per cent of MW in Malaysia reported that the marriage decision is made jointly with their husbands, but this figure stands at only 30 per cent in Iran and 47.9 per cent in the United States. More than 80 per cent and 72 per cent of MW in Malaysia and Iran, respectively, make decisions on pregnancy, abortion and spacing of children jointly with their husbands. **Conclusions:** Policymakers should promote jointly made (made by wife and husband together) decisions among Muslims, which accords with Islamic teachings and is considered as good practice among Muslims. © 2017, © 2017 Indian Institute of Health Management Research.

SciVal Topic Prominence [i](#)

Topic: Infertility | Reproductive Techniques, Assisted | Male infertility

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🔍 Raja Ariffin, R.N.; Department of Administrative Studies and Politics, Faculty of Economics and Administration, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; email:rnoriza@um.edu.my
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