

Document details

[Back to results](#) | 1 of 1

[Export](#) [Download](#) [Print](#) [E-mail](#) [Save to PDF](#) [Add to List](#) [More...](#)

[Full Text](#) [View at Publisher](#)

IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering

Volume 260, Issue 1, 7 November 2017, Article number 012034

6th International Conference on Mechatronics 2017, ICOM 2017; International Islamic University Malaysia (IIUM)

Gombak CampusKuala Lumpur; Malaysia; 8 August 2017 through 9 August 2017; Code 131673

Determining the Time of Flight and Speed of Sound on Different types of Edible Oil (Conference Paper)

Azman, N.A. Abd Hamid, S.B.

Department of Mechatronics Engineering, International Islamic University Malaysia, Jalan Gombak, Kuala Lumpur Selangor, Malaysia

Abstract

[View references \(11\)](#)

Edible oil is most often plant-based oils that have been extracted from various seeds. There are cases where the fully virgin edible oil was found to be a fraud. The adulterated edible oil indicates the intentional, fraudulent addition of extraneous, improper or cheaper ingredients puts into the oil or the dilution or removal of some valuable ingredient of the oil in order to increase profits. Hence, decrease the reliability of the Malaysian food product quality. This research was done by using the method of time of flight obtained using the Texas Instrument board, TDC1000-TDC7200 EVM connected to an ultrasonic transducer with 1 MHz frequency. The authors measured the time of flight and temperatures controlled from 20°C to 40°C of five vegetable oils (olive oil, sunflower oil, corn oil, coconut oil, and mustard oil). The value is observed and compared with other research from the literature review. From the study, time of flight values decreases exponentially while speed of sound value increases. This relationship will be useful in spectrum unfolding method to investigate the adulteration in different type of edible oil. This research outcome is to investigate the quality value of the different type of edible oil while eliminates the issues where the quality of Malaysian food product is not reliable. © Published under licence by IOP Publishing Ltd.

Indexed keywords

Engineering controlled terms: Acoustic wave velocity Olive oil Seed Sunflower oil Ultrasonic transducers Vegetable oils

Compendex keywords: Coconut oil Literature reviews Mustard oil Quality value Research outcome Spectrum unfolding Texas Instruments Time of flight

Engineering main heading: Oils and fats

ISSN: 17578981
Source Type: Conference Proceeding
Original language: English

DOI: 10.1088/1757-899X/260/1/012034
Document Type: Conference Paper
Volume Editors: Rashid M.M., Hamid S.B.A., Akmelawati R.
Sponsors: Kulliyah of Engineering, International Islamic University Malaysia
Publisher: Institute of Physics Publishing

Metrics

0 Citations in Scopus

0 Field-Weighted Citation Impact



PlumX Metrics

Usage, Captures, Mentions, Social Media and Citations beyond Scopus.

Cited by 0 documents

Inform me when this document is cited in Scopus:

[Set citation alert >](#)

[Set citation feed >](#)

Related documents

Spectral Doppler instrumentation

Pellett, A.A. , Tolar, W.G. , Merwin, D.G. (2004) *Echocardiography*

L'image échographique : Formation et qualité

Mai, W. (1999) *Point Veterinaire*

Artificial neural network approach to predict the rheological parameter in the study of oil solution degradation

Rubalya Valentina, S. , Devasena, T. , Mukesh Kumar, V. (2015) *Carpathian Journal of Food Science and Technology*

[View all related documents based on references](#)

Find more related documents in Scopus based on:

[Authors >](#) [Keywords >](#)

- 1 (2010) *What Is A Processed Food? You Might Be Surprised.* Cited 2 times.
September

-
- 2 Marikkar, J.M.N., Mirghani, M.E.S., Jaswir, I.
(2016) *Application of Chromatographic and Infrared Spectroscopic Techniques for Detection of Adulteration in Food Lipid*
(Malaysia: International Institute for Halal Research and Training, International Islamic University Malaysia)

-
- 3 Tweedie, R.
Process Ultrasound Spectroscopy for In-Situ Characterization
(2016) *Industrial Tomography System*
Accessed 12 April

-
- 4 Nurrul, H., Arief, A.F., Rohman, S.R., Amin, A., Shuhaimi, I., Khatib, M.
(2014) *Detection of Butter Adulteration with Lard Using Differential Scanning Calorimetry*
(Malaysia: International Islamic University Malaysia)

-
- 5 Mohammad Ali, S.K., Basharath, A.
(2014) *Acoustics Impedance Studies in Some Commonly Used Edible Oils*
(India: IJISET, International Journal of Innovative Science, Engineering and Technology)

-
- 6 Zagzebski James, A.
(1996) *Essential of Ultrasound Physics.* Cited 128 times.
(Mosby Inc)

-
- 7 Hoche, S., Hussein, M.A., Becker, T.
Ultrasound-based density determination via buffer rod technique: A review
(2013) *Journal of Sensors and Sensor System*, 2 (2), pp. 103-125. Cited 7 times.

-
- 8 Rubalya Valentina, S., Chandiramouli, R., Neelamegam, P.
Detection of adulteration in olive oil using rheological and ultrasonic parameters
(2013) *International Food Research Journal*, 20 (6), pp. 3197-3202. Cited 9 times.
[http://www.ifri.upm.edu.my/20%20\(06\)%202013/32%20IFRJ%2020%20\(06\)%202013%20Rubalya%20476.pdf](http://www.ifri.upm.edu.my/20%20(06)%202013/32%20IFRJ%2020%20(06)%202013%20Rubalya%20476.pdf)

-
- 9 Fasina, O.O., Colley, Z.
Viscosity and specific heat of vegetable oils as a function of temperature: 35°C to 180°C
(2008) *International Journal of Food Properties*, 11 (4), pp. 738-746. Cited 52 times.
doi: 10.1080/10942910701586273

[View at Publisher](#)

-
- 10 Formo, M.W.
Physical properties of fats and fatty acids
(1979) *Bailey's Industrial Oil and Fat Products*, 1, pp. 177-232. Cited 97 times.