



[< Back to results](#) | 1 of 7 [Next >](#)[Export](#) [Download](#) [Print](#) [E-mail](#) [Save to PDF](#) [Add to List](#) [More... >](#)[Full Text](#) [View at Publisher](#)Food Additives and Contaminants - Part A Chemistry, Analysis, Control, Exposure and Risk Assessment
Volume 33, Issue 11, 1 November 2016, Pages 1643-1659

Duplex real-time PCR assay using SYBR Green to detect and quantify Malayan box turtle (*Cuora amboinensis*) materials in meatballs, burgers, frankfurters and traditional Chinese herbal jelly powder (Article)

Asing^a, Ali, E.^{ab} , Hamid, S.B.A.^a, Hossain, M.^a, Ahamad, M.N.U.^a, Hossain, S.M.A.^a, Naquiah, N.^a, Zaidul, I.S.M.^c ^aNanotechnology and Catalysis Research Center (NANOCAT), University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia^bCentre for Research in Biotechnology for Agriculture (CEBAR), University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia^cDepartment of Pharmaceutical Technology, Faculty of Pharmacy, International Islamic University, Kuantan, Malaysia

Abstract

[View references \(72\)](#)

The Malayan box turtle (*Cuora amboinensis*) (MBT) is a vulnerable and protected species widely used in exotic foods and traditional medicines. Currently available polymerase chain reaction (PCR) assays to identify MBT lack automation and involve long targets which break down in processed or denatured tissue. This SYBR Green duplex real-time PCR assay has addressed this research gap for the first time through the combination of 120- and 141-bp targets from MBT and eukaryotes for the quantitative detection of MBT DNA in food chain and herbal medicinal preparations. This authentication ensures better security through automation, internal control and short targets that were stable under the processing treatments of foods and medicines. A melting curve clearly demonstrated two peaks at 74.63 ± 0.22 and $78.40 \pm 0.31^\circ\text{C}$ for the MBT and eukaryotic products, respectively, under pure, admixed and commercial food matrices. Analysis of 125 reference samples reflected a target recovery of 93.25–153.00%, PCR efficiency of 99–100% and limit of detection of 0.001% under various matrices. The quantification limits were 0.00001, 0.00170 ± 0.00012 , 0.00228 ± 0.00029 , 0.00198 ± 0.00036 and 0.00191 ± 0.00043 ng DNA for the pure meat, binary mixtures, meatball, burger and frankfurter products, respectively. The assay was used to screen 100 commercial samples of traditional Chinese herbal jelly powder from eight different brands; 22% of them were found to be MBT-positive (5.37 ± 0.50 – $7.00 \pm 0.34\%$ w/w), which was reflected through the Ct values (26.37 ± 0.32 – 28.90 ± 0.42) and melting curves (74.63 – $78.65 \pm 0.22^\circ\text{C}$) of the amplified MBT target (120 bp), confirming the speculation that MBT materials are widely used in Chinese herbal desserts, exotic dishes consumed with the hope of prolonging life and youth. © 2016 Informa UK Limited, trading as Taylor & Francis Group.

Author keywords

herbal jelly powder limits of detection and quantification Malayan box turtle protected species SYBR Green real-time PCR

Indexed keywords

Engineering controlled terms: Assays Binary mixtures Chains Chemical contamination Melting

Compendex keywords: Limits of detection Malayan box turtle Medicinal preparation protected species
Quantification limit Quantitative detection Real-time PCR Real-time PCR assay

Engineering main heading: Polymerase chain reaction

EMTREE drug terms: cytochrome b RNA 18S DNA herbaceous agent organic compound powder
SYBR Green IMetrics  [View all metrics >](#)1 Citation in Scopus
75th Percentile
0.70 Field-Weighted
Citation ImpactPlumX Metrics Usage, Captures, Mentions,
Social Media and Citations
beyond Scopus.

Cited by 1 document

Quantitative Tetraplex Real-Time Polymerase Chain Reaction Assay with TaqMan Probes Discriminates Cattle, Buffalo, and Porcine Materials in Food Chain
Hossain, M.A.M. , Ali, Md.E. , Sultana, S.
(2017) *Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry*[View details of this citation](#)

Inform me when this document is cited in Scopus:

[Set citation alert >](#)[Set citation feed >](#)

Related documents

Lab-on-a-chip-based PCR-RFLP assay for the detection of Malayan box turtle (*Cuora amboinensis*) in the food chain and traditional Chinese medicinesAsing , Eqaub Ali, Md. , Hamid, S.B.A.
(2016) *PLoS ONE*

Lab-on-a-chip-based PCR-RFLP assay for the confirmed detection of short-length feline DNA in food

Ali, M.E. , Al Amin, M. , Hamid, S.B.A.

EMTREE medical terms:

Article Chinese herb food chain food processing limit of detection
limit of quantitation meat nonhuman nucleotide sequence powder priority journal
real time polymerase chain reaction turtle analysis animal chemistry China
food analysis food contamination genetics meat procedures

MeSH:

Animals China DNA Drugs, Chinese Herbal Food Analysis Food Contamination
Meat Products Organic Chemicals Powders Real-Time Polymerase Chain Reaction
Turtles

(2015) *Food Additives and Contaminants - Part A Chemistry, Analysis, Control, Exposure and Risk Assessment*

A suitable method to detect potential fraud of bringing Malayan box turtle (*Cuora amboinensis*) meat into the food chain

Ali, M.E. , Asing , Hamid, S.B.A. (2015) *Food Additives and Contaminants - Part A Chemistry, Analysis, Control, Exposure and Risk Assessment*

View all related documents based on references

Find more related documents in Scopus based on:

Authors > Keywords >

Molecular Sequence Numbers:

GENBANK,

AP003428(submitted), EU755253(submitted), KF907307(submitted), KM612279(submitted), KP168712(submitted), KP269069(submitted), KR059217(submitted), KU050703(submitted), NC001700(submitted), NC001941(submitted), NC001960(submitted), NC002081(submitted), NC006295(submitted), NC006880(submitted), NC007579(submitted), NC011573(submitted), NC012374(submitted), NC012670(submitted), NC016005(submitted)

Chemicals and CAS Registry Numbers:

cytochrome b, 9035-37-4; DNA, 9007-49-2;

DNA; Drugs, Chinese Herbal; Organic Chemicals; Powders; SYBR Green I

Funding details

Funding number	Funding sponsor	Acronym
GC001A-14SBS	Universiti Malaya	UM

Funding text

Asing was paid and the research materials were supported by the University of Malaya [grant number GC001A-14SBS] awarded to M. E. Ali.

ISSN: 19440049

Source Type: Journal

Original language: English

DOI: 10.1080/19440049.2016.1236403

PubMed ID: 27643977

Document Type: Article

Publisher: Taylor and Francis Ltd.

References (72)

[View in search results format >](#)

All [Export](#) [Print](#) [E-mail](#) [Save to PDF](#) [Create bibliography](#)

- 1 Adeola, M.O.
Importance of Wild Animals and Their Parts in the Culture, Religious Festivals, and Traditional Medicine, of Nigeria

(1992) *Environmental Conservation*, 19 (2), pp. 125-134. Cited 92 times.
doi: 10.1017/S0376892900030605

[View at Publisher](#)

- 2 Aguirre, A.A., Gardner, S.C., Marsh, J.C., Delgado, S.G., Limpus, C.J., Nichols, W.J.
Hazards associated with the consumption of sea turtle meat and eggs: A review for health care workers and the general public

(2006) *EcoHealth*, 3 (3), pp. 141-153. Cited 37 times.
doi: 10.1007/s10393-006-0032-x

[View at Publisher](#)