

Document details

Back to results | < Previous 20 of 20







International Medical Journal Malaysia

Volume 15, Issue 1, 2018, Pages 45-50

Open Access

Knowledge and Attitude towards HIV/AIDS among transsexuals in Kuantan, Pahang (Article)

Samsul, D. Markan, M.R. Razman, M.R. Ramli, M.C., Mohd Aznan, M.A. Maliya, S. Muhamad Shaiful Lizam, M.A. Muhamad Salman, M.H. Mohamad Faqihuddin, H. L.

- Department of Family Medicine, Kulliyyah of Medicine, International Islamic University Malaysia, Malaysia
- Department of Community Medicine, Kulliyyah of Medicine, International Islamic University Malaysia, Malaysia
- Department of Psychiatry, Kullivyah of Medicine, International Islamic University Malaysia, Malaysia

▼ View references (30)

Abstract

Introduction: Lack of knowledge and negative attitude towards HIV/AIDS may be the risk factors for HIV infection among transsexuals. Research on knowledge and attitude towards HIV infection in transsexual communities is very limited at both local and international levels. This study aimed to assess the knowledge and attitude towards HIV infection among the male-to-female transsexual community in Kuantan, Pahang. Methods: A cross-sectional study was carried out from July to August 2014 among 33 male-to-female transsexuals in Kuantan, Pahang. Convenience sampling was used. Participants who gave consent answered a self-administered questionnaire. Data obtained was analyzed with descriptive statistics, x²-test, and independent sample t test. Results: The majority of the subjects in this study were 29 years and below (48.5%), Muslims (93.9%), and had completed up to secondary education (60.6%). Most of them were sex workers (60.6%), and had relatively low income (no income to RM 3000, mean of RM1528). A total of 87.9% of the subjects demonstrated good knowledge and also positive attitude towards HIV/AIDS. Level of education was significantly associated with scores in knowledge (p=0.01). Conclusions: Despite the positive outcome from this study, misconceptions towards HIV/AIDS still exist among transsexuals. Education and interventions from multiple directions on HIV/AIDS are essential to deliver the correct information to this population, so as to emphasize prevention, early detection, and holistic medical care. Transsexuals also require attention from religious bodies and non-governmental organizations to help them in employment, financial, spiritual, and psycho-social issues.

Author keywords

Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome; HIV; Sex workers; Transsexualism

ISSN: 18234631 Source Type: Journal Original language: English

Document Type: Article

Publisher: International Islamic University Malaysia

References (30)

View in search results format

Cited by 0 documents

Inform me when this document is cited in Scopus:





Related documents

Comment on "HIV/AIDS awareness among VCT clients: A cross-sectional study from Delhi, India" Shivalli, S., Kaup, S.

(2015) BioMed Research International

Caught between different worlds: How transgendered women may be "forced" into risky

Crosby, R.A., Pitts, N.L. (2007) Journal of Sex Research

Behavioral and Health Outcomes for HIV+ Young Transgender Women (YTW) Linked to and Engaged in Medical Care

Dowshen, N., Matone, M., Luan, X. (2016) LGBT Health

View all related documents based on references

Find more related documents in Scopus based on:





