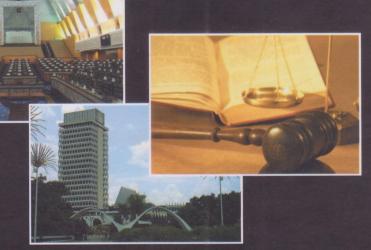
## **Constitutional Law** and **Human Rights** in Malaysia

**Topical Issues and Perspectives** 

Editor Khairil Azmin Mokhtar



**SWEET & MAXWELL ASIA** 

# Constitutional Law and Human Rights in Malaysia

**Topical Issues and Perspectives** 

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# Published in 2013 by Thomson Reuters Malaysia Sdn Bhd (464942-H) (trading as Sweet & Maxwell Asia) No 17, Jalan PJS 7/19, Bandar Sunway 46150 Petaling Jaya, Selangor, Malaysia

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#### Perpustakaan Negara Malaysia

#### Cataloguing-in-Publication Data

Constitutional law and human rights in Malaysia: topical issues and perspectives / Khairil Azmin Mokhtar editor Includes index

ISBN 978-967-0498-13-3

- 1. Public law-Malaysia.
- 2. Human rights-Malaysia.
- I. Khairil Azmin Mokhtar, 1969-342.595

Cover design by Edward Goh

Printed by Print Assist (1901555-V) 7, Jalan Anggerik 5, Bandar Bukit Beruntung, 48300 Rawang, Selangor Darul Ehsan

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#### **Chapter Twenty Five**

## Right to Privacy: Development, Cases and Commentaries

Sonny Zulhuda

#### 25.1 INTRODUCTION

As the writing of this present chapter commences, the issue of privacy in Malaysia is getting increasingly heard and debated. Meanwhile, the Parliament has passed two important legislations dealing with the protection of personal information in commercial transactions, arguably seeking to protect the privacy of individuals in relation to their personal data. Suspiciously an unknown concept, the right to privacy now receives appreciation and meets more demand for it to be recognised and protected as a right on its own. The fact that Malaysia embraces digital environment, electronic commerce and electronic government does not help because the increasing use of converging information technology has allowed the disclosure and transmission of private information about individuals. In short, the right (if any) to keep oneself to oneself, to tell other people that certain things are none of their business, is under technological threat.

This chapter looks at the basic of the issue; namely the nature of right to privacy and how Malaysian law – especially the Malaysian court – treats it, having to consider the position in other legal systems of particular relevance, namely in the common law of the United States and the United Kingdom, where the modern concept of right to privacy could trace its origin. Nevertheless, discussion on the Islamic perspective is also provided here to offer a significant perspective of which direction Malaysian law should be heading in dealing with the issue of privacy.

<sup>1</sup> In a span of few weeks between July and August 2011, the Kuala Lumpur High Court had delivered two strikingly different decisions in two civil cases concerning an alleged breach of data privacy. In both cases, the same defendant had, without plaintiffs' consent, kept personal financial information about the plaintiffs and disclosed it to third parties under a credit reporting business. See, Shafie Abdul Rahman lwn CTOS Sdn Bhd [2011] 9 CLJ 439 and Mohd Zaid bin Johan lwn CTOS Sdn Bhd [2012] 8 MLJ 51.

<sup>2</sup> See, the Personal Data Protection Act 2010 (Act 709) and Credit Reporting Agencies Act 2010 (Act 710).

<sup>3</sup> Abu Bakar Munir and Siti Hajar Mohd Yasin, *Personal data protection in Malaysia: Law and practice* (Petaling Jaya: Sweet & Maxwell Asia, 2010), p 1.