

Document details

< Back to results | 1 of 1

 Export Download Print E-mail Save to PDF Add to List More >Journal of Pure and Applied Microbiology
Volume 8, Issue SPEC. ISS. 1, May 2014, Pages 827-831

The study of cell attachment and spreading on polyaniline and gelatin using electric cell-substrate impedance sensing (Article)

Ibrahim, I.^a, Nordin, A.N.^b  Hashim, Y.Z.H.Y.^b ^aDepartment of Bioscience Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, International Islamic University Malaysia, P.O Box 10, 50728, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia^bDepartment of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, International Islamic University Malaysia, P.O Box 10, 50728, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Abstract

Electrical cell-substrate impedance sensing (ECIS) is a valuable tool for real time monitoring of cell behavior such as attachment, mobility, and growth. This study investigates the correlation between cell attachment and impedance when cells are attached to two different substrates, polyaniline and gelatin, respectively. Colon cancer cell lines, HCT-116 were used as model cell line. The impedance measurements were measured every 8 hours for 104 hours at frequency of 40Hz to 10MHz using impedance analyzer. Polyaniline produced a graph that is in agreement with typical growth curve for mammalian cell culture at lag and early log phase. However, gelatin graph showed a different trend. This may be due to the high conductivity of the polyaniline which gave better cell attachment and spreading for the HCT-116 cells. The efficiency of the biosensor was measured by cytotoxicity test using 2.5 µg/ml S-FU and the changes on impedance were analysed. In conclusion, the cell attachment correlates with impedance depending on the substrate used to culture the cells. To this end, ECIS is proven as an alternative tool to measure cell behavior with an added advantage of ability to monitor the progress in real-time and showed a great potential in drug testing application.

Author keywords

[Cell attachment](#) [Drug testing](#) [ECIS](#) [HCT-116](#) [Impedance biosensor](#)

ISSN: 09737510

Source Type: Journal

Original language: English

Document Type: Article

Publisher: Journal of Pure and Applied Microbiology

References (12)

[View in search results format](#) All Export Print E-mail Save to PDF Create bibliography 1 Zucco, F., De Angelis, I., Testai, E., Stammati, A.

Toxicology investigations with cell culture systems: 20 Years after

(2004) *Toxicology in Vitro*, 18 (2), pp. 153-163. [Cited 72 times](#).
doi: 10.1016/S0887-2333(03)00147-4[View at Publisher](#) 2 Ceriotti, L., Porti, J., Brogg, F., Kob, A., Drechsler, S., Thedinga, E., Colpo, P., (...), Rossi, F.
[Real-time assessment of cytotoxicity by impedance measurement on a 96-well plate](#)

Metrics

0 69 Citations in Scopus

0 0 Field-Weighted Citation Impact



Cited by 0 documents

Inform me when this document is cited in Scopus:

 Set citation alert > Set citation feed >

Related documents

Assessment of cytotoxicity by impedance spectroscopy

Ceriotti, L., Porti, J., Colpo, P.
(2007) *Biosensors and Bioelectronics*

Cytotoxicity studies of lung cancer cells using impedance biosensor

Mansor, A.F.M., Nordin, A.N., Ibrahim, I.
(2015) *2015 International Conference on Smart Sensors and Application, ICSSA 2015*

Electrochemical topography of a cell monolayer with an addressable microelectrode array

Lin, Z., Ino, K., Shiku, H.
(2010) *Chemical Communications*[View all related documents based on references](#)

Find more related documents in Scopus based on:

[Authors >](#) [Keywords >](#)