

# READINGS IN SOCIAL AND ISLAMIC ISSUES

JAMIL FAROOQUI



IIUM Press  
International Islamic University Malaysia

# **READINGS IN SOCIAL AND ISLAMIC ISSUES**

# **READINGS IN SOCIAL AND ISLAMIC ISSUES**

*Edited by*  
**Jamil Farooqui**



**IIUM Press**

Published by:  
IIUM Press  
International Islamic University Malaysia

Copy no: 11251293  
Initial: AAR  
Date: 21/5/12  
Location: MAIN/FI/STAC/NILAI  
First Edition, 2012  
©IIUM Press, IIUM

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without any prior written permission of the publisher.

Perpustakaan Negara Malaysia

Cataloguing-in-Publication Data

Readings in social and Islamic issues / edited by Jamil Farooqui

Include index

ISBN 978-967-418-213-7

I. Islam & State--Malaysia. II. Knowledge, theory of (Islam).

1. Farooqui, Jamil

297.09595

ISBN: 978-967-418-213-7

Member of Majlis Penerbitan Ilmiah Malaysia — MAPIM  
(Malaysian Scholarly Publishing Council)

Printed by:  
IIUM Printing Sdn. Bhd.  
No. 1, Jalan Industri Batu Caves 1/3  
Taman Perindustrian Batu Caves  
68100 Batu Caves  
Selangor Darul Ehsan  
Website : [www.iiumprinting.com](http://www.iiumprinting.com)

# CONTENTS

---

Foreword	vii
Introduction	ix
<b>1. Rural-Urban Linkages with Special Reference to Japan and Malaysia</b>	<b>1</b>
<i>Mohammad Aris Othman</i>	
<b>2. Socio-Cultural Perspective on Safety at Workplace in Small and Medium Industries: A Case Studies of FELDA</b>	<b>25</b>
<i>Krishna Gopal Rampal, Noor Azlan Mohd.Noor, Nornajihah Mohd, Nor, Isfandi Adi Ahmad</i>	
<b>3. Socio-economic Profile of Squatters: A Case Study of Kampung Setia Jaya</b>	<b>61</b>
<i>Khairil Azhar Haji Md. Yassin</i>	
<b>4. Towards a Social Psychology of Cyberspace: Exploring Cyberfriendship Formation among Malaysian Youth</b>	<b>79</b>
<i>Abu Sadat Nurullah</i>	
<b>5. Malaysian Women in Education, Marriage and Workforce (1957-2008)</b>	<b>109</b>
<i>Rohaiza Rokis</i>	
<b>6. Participant Observation Method in a Sociological Study of Factory Workers</b>	<b>139</b>
<i>Fatimah Hasnah Daud</i>	

<b>7. The Muslim World and the West</b>	151
<i>Jamil Farooqui</i>	
<b>8. Folklore Studies on the Qur'an: A Critique</b>	177
<i>Ahmad Abd Al-Rahim Nasr</i>	
<b>9. The Status of Women in Islam: A Sociological Perspective</b>	203
<i>Jamil Farooqui</i>	
<b>10. Fostering Inter-Group Interaction: An Islamic Approach</b>	229
<i>Abdul Mumin Abdulai</i>	
<b>List of Contributors</b>	245
<b>Index</b>	247

# **SOCIO-CULTURAL PERSPECTIVE ON SAFETY AT WORKPLACE AMONG WORKERS IN SMALL AND MEDIUM INDUSTRIES: A CASE-STUDY OF FELDA**

---

**Krishna Gopal Rampal  
Noor Azlan Mohd. Noor  
Nornajihah Mohd Nor  
Isfandi Adi Ahmad**

## **Introduction**

The Malaysian Prime Minister, Dato' Seri Abdullah Bin Ahmad Haji Badawi (2006) addressed the development of a safety culture for health in the workplace in 1994. The government is committed to this development because it leans to words the expectation to increasing the quality of life while working. Besides this, he added that Small and Medium Industries (SMIs) are the main contributors to the economy of the country. In 1999, it was reported that 90% of the manufacturing sectors comprised from the SMIs. However, as far as SMIs are concerned, particularly with safety and health in the workplace, most still maintain a poor working environment together with other associated problems that could not be resolved effectively. In actual fact, one reason the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1994 was enacted was mainly because of growing concerns among authorities for the increasing trend of industrial and work-related accidents and deaths arising substantially from apathy and a "tidak apa" attitude among employers and employees towards safety and health precautions (Maimunah, 2006: 2). In relation to this, it was reported that the number of fatalities in industrial accidents reached a five-year high of 1,478 in 1997, despite a 29% decline in accidents since 1993. Most fatal accidents occurred in manufacturing, agriculture, forestry, construction