



Paradigm Shift on Thought

Muslim Women's Perspectives

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Solehah Yaacob



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Contents

Authorsii
Forewordv
Chapter 1: Al-Shatibi's Exposition Of The Concept Of <i>Maṣlahah</i> In The Theory Of Maqāṣid by Adibah Binti Abdul Rahim1
Chapter 2: The Expression Of Meaning As A Logical Approach In The Case Of Semantic Study by Solehah Yaacob23
Chapter 3: Reevaluating The Methods Of Polemic And Apologetic In The Muslim Study Of Other Religions by Haslina Ibrahim41
Chapter 4: The Origins Of Semitic Languages by Solehah Yaacob & Shamsul Jamili Yeo63
Chapter 5: The Difference Between Al-Ashʻarī's Istihsān And Al- Ghazali's Iljām AlʻAwām by Adibah Binti Abdul Rahim79
Chapter 6: Ibn Al-Arabi And The Philosophy Of Religious Pluralism: A Critical Examination by Haslina Ibrahim87
Chapter 7: Obedience Of The Wife: A Theological Contextual Approach by Fadzilah Din
Chapter 8: Ancient Palestine And The Creation Of An Israelite State by Solehah Yaacob
Chapter 9: Women As Productive Human Capital In Malaysia: A Way Forward by Rohaiza Rokis143
Chapter 10: The 'Moral Panics' Behind Television Advertising Regulation In Malaysia by Aida Mokhtar

CHAPTER 4

THE ORIGINS OF SEMITIC LANGUAGES SOLEHAH HAJI YAACOB & SHAMSUL JAMILI YEOP

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Introduction

'Semitic' is a word introduced by Schlozer³⁸ in 1871 to denote the group of languages evolved from Aramaic, Pheonic, Hebrew, Arabic, Yemen, Babylonian and Assyrian.³⁹ He understood them to be languages of the descendents of the Prophet Noah.⁴⁰ From the time of the Upper Palaeolithic age,⁴¹ the descendents of Adam were the founders of human civilization. Their success depended on the stability of their political, cultural and geographical structures, and linguistic study is a vital aid in the analysis of their development. The major written cultures of the ancient Near East have produced the largest body of material from their eras, providing a sound basis for

³⁸ German Orientalist whose theory is not supported by Arab scholars who coined the rival term 'Jazariah' or 'Urubah'; see A. A. al-Wahid and J. A. Kamaludin, *al-Harakah al-Tawilah fi al-Lughat as-Samiyat*, p. 15.

³⁹ A. A. al-Wafi, 1988, Figh al-Lughah, Cairo: Dar al-Nahdah, p. 6.

⁴⁰ G. Roux, 1965, *Ancient Iraq*, London: George Allen and Unwin Ltd, p. 124.

⁴¹ Relating to the time when humans first started to make tools out of stone.