Programming Step-by-Step

Asadullah Shah



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C++ PROGRAMMING: STEP BY STEP

Editors

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27. Pointers

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Abstract

In this chapter we will study about pointer variable. A pointer only can hold the address of a memory location. This is same as index of a book, that contains the page number at which such a term can be located. Suppose you have a variable called "a" where an integer is stored. A pointer variable of "a" will contain the address of the memory location where the value is actually stored.

27.1 Introduction of pointers

Pointers are executed as address to variables stored at any memory location. The variables in C++ can be of different types, such as integers (int) or floating numbers (float). For example "x" is an integer variable with value 10, and "y" is a float variable having values 10.12.

A variable name in above case "x" or "y" is an alias for a memory address. What if we wanted to know the address of the memory location where the integer variable x that has a value of 10 is stored? We can use the address operator "&" &x to do that.

27.2 Pointer Variable

The pointer variable indirectly references the value whereas the variable x references the value directly. For example, int *pointerx; The "*" is pronounced dereference

The pointerx may contain a memory address which references a memory location where an integer is located.