Advances in Mobility Management for IP Networks

Editors: Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim Othman Khalifa Shihab A. Hameed



INTERNATIONAL ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY MALAYSIA

Advances in Mobility Management for IP Networks

Editors:

Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim Othman Khalifa

Shihab A. Hameed



Published by:

IIUM Press International Islamic University Malaysia

First Edition, 2011 ©IIUM Press, IIUM

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without any prior written permission of the publisher.

Perpustakaan Negara Malaysia

Cataloguing-in-Publication Data

Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Othman Khalifa, Shihab A. Hameed: Advances in Mobility Management for IP Networks

ISBN: 978-967-418-140-6

Member of Majlis Penerbitan Ilmiah Malaysia – MAPIM (Malaysian Scholarly Publishing Council)

Printed by:

HUM PRINTING SDN.BHD.

No. 1, Jalan Industri Batu Caves 1/3
Taman Perindustrian Batu Caves
Batu Caves Centre Point
68100 Batu Caves
Selangor Darul Ehsan

Tel: +603-6188 1542 / 44 / 45 Fax: +603-6188 1543 EMAIL: iiumprinting@yahoo.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

No.	Title	Page No.
	Acknowledgement	V
	Preface	vi
	Part 1: Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) Approaches for Multicast and Mobility Management	1
1	Introduction to Multicast Mobility Management Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Shihab A. Hameed, Jamal Ibrahim Daoud	2
2	Research Direction in Mobile IPv6 Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Sellami Ali, Wajdi Al-Khateeb	9
3	Operation of Context Transfer Protocol Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Othman Khalifa, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Farhat Anwar, Shihab A. Hameed	15
4	The Study of Multicast Hierarchical Mobile IPv6 Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Akram M. Zeki	21
5	The Study Of Multicast Listener Discovery Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, lmad Fakhri Taha Alshaikhli, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Sellami Ali	27
6	MIPv6 Based Approaches for Mobility Management Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Imad Fakhri Taha Alshaikhli	32
7	HMIPv6 Based Approaches for Mobility Management Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Wajdi Al-Khateeb, Farhat Anwar, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman	36

Part 2: Extensions to Mobile Multicast Schemes

8	Introduction to Mobility Multicast Schemes Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Sellami Ali, Othman Khalifa	42
9	Qualitative Study of Mobility Management Approaches Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Imad Fakhri Taha Alshaikhli, Farhat Anwar	48
10	Architecture of M-HMIPv6/CXTP Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman	53
11	Intra Domain Movement of M-HMIPv6/CXTP Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim	58
12	Inter Domain Movement of M-HMIPv6/CXTP Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim	64
13	Message Format of M-HMIPv6/CXTP Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman	70
14	Signaling Flow of M-HMIPv6/CXTP Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim	76
15	Development of the Service Recovery Time and Signaling Cost Function Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman	83
16	Evaluation Methods in Computer Networking Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman	88
17	Ns2 Simulation Environment in M-HMIPv6 Omer Mahmoud, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman	93
18	Service Recovery of Multicast Hierarchical Mobile IPv6 with Context Transfer Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman	101
19	The Study of Signaling Cost Of M-HMIPv6 with Context Transfer Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman	106
20	Simulation Study of HMIPv6 And M-HMIPv6/CXTP Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim	112

21	Packet Loss in M-HMIPv6 with Context Transfer Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim	118
22	Evaluation of Handover Latency in M-HMIPv6 with Context Transfer Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim	124
23	Future Directions Azana Hafizah Mohd Aman, Omer Mahmoud, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim	128
24	MIPv6 Extensions Abdulrhman Mohammed Bin Mahfodh, Abdi Nasir Ahmed, Aisha Hassan AbdalllaHashim, Omer Mahmoud, Md. Rafiqul Islam	133
25	IP Multicast Abdulrhman Mohammed Bin Mahfodh, Abdi Nasir Ahmed, Aisha Hassan AbdalllaHashim, Md. Rafiqul Islam, Rashid Abdelhaleem Saced	139
26	Mobility Approaches to Support IP Multicast Abdulrhman Mohammed Bin Mahfodh, Abdi Nasir Ahmed, Aisha Hassan AbdalllaHashim, Rashid Abdelhaleem Saeed, Omer Mahmoud	144
27	Hierarchichal Mobile Multicast Context Transfer (HMMCT) Abdulrhman Mohammed Bin Mahfodh, Abdi Nasir Ahmed, Aisha Hassan AbdalllaHashim, Omer Mahmood, Rashid Abdelhaleem Saeed	152
28	Simulation Evaluation of HMMCT Abdulrhman Mohammed Bin Mahfodh, Abdi Nasir Ahmed, Aisha Hassan AbdalllaHashim, Omer Mahmood, Rashid Abdelhaleem Saeed	157
29	Analytical Study of HMMCT Abdulrhman Mohammed Bin Mahfodh, Abdi Nasir Ahmed, Aisha Hassan Abdalla Hashim, Faiz Ahmed Mohamed Elfaki, Rashid Saad	165
	Part 3: QoS Approaches	
30	Introduction to QoS Approaches in Mobile Ad Hoc Networks	171
	Mohammad Qabajeh, Aisha-Hassan A. Hashim, Othman Khalifa, Liana Qabajeh, Akram M. Zeki	

31	Routing Protocols For Ad Hoc Wireless Networks	176
	Mohammad Qabajeh, Aisha-Hassan A. Hashim, Othman Khalifa, Liana Qabajeh, Gharib Subhi Mahmoud Ahmed	
32	Quality of Service (QoS) Issues In Manets	181
	Mohammad Qabajeh, Aisha-Hassan A. Hashim, Othman Khalifa, Liana Qabajeh, Jamal Ibrahim Daoud	
33	Supporting QoS Multicast Routing Over Mobile Ad Hoc Networks	186
	Mohammad Qabajeh, Aisha-Hassan A. Hashim, Othman Khalifa, Liana Qabajeh	
34	Position-Based Routing Protocols For Ad-Hoc Networks	191
	Mohammad Qabajeh, Aisha-Hassan A. Hashim, Othman Khalifa, Liana Qabajeh	
35	Simulation in Wireless Networks: An Overview	196
	Mohammad Qabajeh, Aisha-Hassan A. Hashim, Othman Khalifa, Liana Qabajeh , Faiz Ahmed Mohamed Elfaki	

OPERATION OF CONTEXT TRANSFER PROTOCOL

AISHA HASSAN ABDALLA HASHIM¹, OTHMAN KHALIFA², AZANA HAFIZAH MOHD AMAN, FARHAT ANWAR AND SHIHAB A. HAMEED

ECE Dept, Fac. of Eng., International Islamic Univ. Malaysia (IIUM), Jalan Gombak, 53100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

aisha@iiu.edu.my¹, khalifa@iium.edu.my²

3.1 INTRODUCTION

The context transfer typically operates between a source node and a target node. A source node is a mobile node's previous access router and the target node is a mobile node's next access router. When context transfer operates, previous access router, next access router and mobile node communicate to each other accordingly. The previous access router transfers the contexts, the next access router requests contexts, and the mobile node sends a message to the routers to transfer contexts.

Context transfers give better performance for node based mobility. The key objectives of context transfer can be summarized as follows [1]:

- To reduce latency and packet losses.
- To avoid the re-initiation of signalling to and from the mobile node or to quickly re-establish context transfer-candidate services without requiring the mobile host to explicitly perform all protocol flows for those services from scratch.
- To provide an interoperable solution that supports various Layer 2 radio access technologies.

3.2 OPERATION

The context transfer is triggered when a handover takes place. This trigger provides the necessary information such as the IP addresses of the access routers, and the authorization to transfer context so that the contexts are recognized. The context transfer initiation messages include parameters needed to identify the source and target nodes, the list of feature contexts, and IP addresses for the contexts identification. The message to request context transfer data also contain an appropriate token to authorize the context transfer [1].

The context transfer operation is based on the time of the context transfer activation. It can be either started by a request from the mobile node or at the initiative of the access router. If the context transfer starts before the handover, and the mobile node is connected to the previous access router it is called predictive. While when context transfer starts after the connection of the mobile node to the next access router it is called reactive. The predictive and reactive operations of context transfer protocol are explained in details in [1].

In predictive handover [1], the trigger is either initiated by the previous access router (PAR) or the mobile node (MN). When it is initiated by the PAR it is called network controlled scenario. The predictive network controlled scenario is shown in Fig. 3.1.