Nasir Ganikhodjaev Farrukh Mukhamedov Pah Chin Hee

VOLUME 1

x' = 2xy y' = 2xz

INVESTIGATIONS ON PURE MATHEMATICS, FINANCE MATHEMATICS AND OPTICS

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 $w_1(x, y, z) = z$ $w_2(x, y, z) = z$

 $z' = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2yz$

 $w_1 N_1 w_1 = N_{17}$



Investigations on Pure Mathematics, Finance Mathematics and Optics

Nasir Ganikhodjaev Farrukh Mukhamedov Pah Chin Hee



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AN EMPIRICAL STUDY ON THE EFFICIENCY OF THE TRIM AND FILL METHOD IN CORRECTING PUBLICATION BIAS IN META ANALYSIS

Norizzati Mohd Nasir Assist. Prof. Dr. Nik Ruzni Nik Idris

Abstract. This project paper examines the efficiency of "Trim and Fill" method in correcting publication bias in meta-analysis under different scenarios. Data of meta-analysis is simulated and Fixed Effect model is used to estimate the effect size and standard error. The assessment is based on the relative bias of effect estimates and corresponding standard errors from the complete meta-analysis data versus corrected meta-analysis data. The objective of this project paper is to explore the scenarios where the Trim and Fill method is best utilized.

1 Introduction

This paper examines the efficacy of funnel plot and trims and fills method for detecting for correcting publication bias for different degrees of publication bias. These methods were applied to the hypothetical simulated Meta-analysis data under different scenarios with pre-assigned parameters. The parameters were used in two scenarios;

- I. numbers of studies included in the meta-analysis for N=10, 20, 30
- II. the percentages of unreported studies for x=10%, 30%, 50%.

1.1 Generation of Meta-Analysis data with no publication bias

The first procedure and assumptions is generating hypothetical meta-analysis data with no publication bias. These analyses of continuous data are created by simulating N treatment effect sizes, denoted Y₁ and the corresponding variances denoted V (Yi). These values were generated using the normally distributed random number generator with the following assumptions;

- I. studies with smaller sample size n, tend to have greater variability and larger effect size
- II. studies with larger sample size n, has a lower variability and smaller effect sizes, i.e effect size closer to the overall effect size

1.1.1 Estimation of overall effect size and its corresponding SE

Estimation of the overall effect size, denoted \hat{Y}_{all} and its corresponding SE, denoted \widehat{SE}_{all} , were computed from the complete meta-analysis generated using the inverse variance method. To estimate the \hat{Y}_{all} equation is used, while to estimate the standard error, \widehat{SE}_{all} equation is used.

1.2 Creation of publication bias

To create the publication bias, we select, at random studies with less significant or negative effect sizes from smaller studies which are represented on the lower left-hand side of the