

Ma'an Alkhathib Hazleen Anuar Noorasikin Samat Abdullah Al Mamun

Advances in Nanotechnology and its Applications



ADVANCES IN NANOTECHNOLOGY & ITS APPLICATION

EDITORS
Ma'an Alkhathib
Hazleen Anuar
Noorasikin Samat
Abdullah Al Mamun



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CHAPTER 3

Fatigue and Fracture in PVC/CaCO₃ Nanocomposites

Noorasikin Samat, Indra Kemal, Robert Burford, Alan Whittle and Mark Hoffman

Nanoscience and Nanotechnology Research Group (NANORG)

Department of Biotechnology Engineering, Faculty of Engineering
International Islamic University Malaysia (IIUM)

and
University of New South Wales

Introdcution

Over the past 50 years the materials for piping application has gradually changed from metal or concrete based materials to plastics. The most common plastic used in water systems is polyvinyl chloride (PVC). It is used to transport not only clean water in municipal system but also waste water in sewage system as well. PVC offers many benefits over the conventional piping materials such as corrosion and chemical resistant, cost, durability and ease of use. For pumped water systems and rising sewer mains, during its services the plastic pipes are exposed to frequent pressure fluctuation or cyclic loadings. Comparable to other thermoplastics, PVC will fatigue under cyclic or fluctuating stresses. In this case, it may fractures even if the applied stresses are lowered than the ultimate strength of the PVC. Hence, the fatigue plastic pipes could cause the pipes to failure or bursting that eventually lead to loss of water, structural damage to roads and building and disruption of other services.

Concern about the fatigue behavior of PVC pipes has increased since the occurrence of premature failure of these pipes in 1970s. In fact, thoroughly investigations found out that the failure was associated with poor installation practices, inappropriate pressure class and poor quality of pipes. Nevertheless since that incidence, the fatigue behavior is one of the primary considerations in designing PVC pipes particularly for water distribution