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Students' acceptance and use of generative AI in pharmacy education: international cross-sectional survey based on the extended unified theory of acceptance and use of technology

By

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INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CLINICAL PHARMACY -

Volume: 47 Issue: 4 Page: 1097-1108 Special Issue: SI

DOI: 10.1007/s11096-025-01936-w

Clarivate)

Published AUG 2025

Early Access JUN 2025

Indexed 2025-06-12

Document Type Article

Jump to

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Abstract

Background Generative artificial intelligence (GenAI) has significant potential implications for pharmacy education, but its ethical, practical, and pedagogical implications have not been fully explored. Aim This international study evaluated pharmacy students' acceptance and use of GenAI tools using the Extended Unified Theory of Acceptance and Use of Technology (UTAUT). Method A cross-sectional survey of pharmacy students from nine countries during the first half of 2024 assessed GenAI usage patterns, curricular integration, and acceptance via the Extended UTAUT framework. After appropriate translation and cultural adaptation, exploratory factor analysis (EFA) identified key adoption factors. Results A total of 2009 responses were received. ChatGPT and Quillbot were the tools most frequently utilised. EFA identified three key dimensions: Utility-Driven Adoption, Affordability and Habitual Integration, and Social Influence. Students rated performance and effort expectancy highly, highlighting their perceived usefulness and ease of use of GenAI tools. In contrast, habit and price value received lower ratings, indicating barriers to habitual use and affordability concerns. Gender disparities were noted, with males demonstrating significantly higher acceptance (p < 0.001). Additionally, countryspecific differences were evident, as Malaysia reported a high performance expectancy, while Egypt exhibited low facilitating conditions. Over 20% indicated an over-reliance on GenAl for assignments, raising ethical concerns. Significant gaps were observed, such as limited ethical awareness-only 10% prioritised legal and ethical training-and uneven curricular integration, with 60% reporting no formal exposure to Generative AI. Conclusion Findings reveal critical gaps in ethical guidance, equitable access, and structured GenAl integration in pharmacy education. A proactive, context-specific strategy is essential to align technological innovation with pedagogical integrity.

Keywords **Author Keywords:** Generative AI; Pharmacy education; Pharmacy students; Technology acceptance; UTAUT framework Keywords Plus: ARTIFICIAL-INTELLIGENCE; PERCEPTIONS; **KNOWLEDGE**; TOOLS Author Elnaem, Mohamed (corresponding Corresponding Free Full Text From Publisher Full Text Links ~ **Export** \vee Add To Marked List > 1 of 1 > Adaresses: _1 Ulster Univ, Sch Pharm & Pharmaceut Sci, Coleraine BT52 ISA, North Ireland ² Marmara Univ, Fac Pharm, Dept Clin Pharm, Istanbul, Turkiye ³ Univ Hlth Sci, Lahore Med & Dent Coll, Dept Pharm Practice, Lahore, Pakistan ⁴ King Abdulaziz Univ, Fac Pharm, Pharm Practice Dept, Jeddah, Saudi Arabia ⁵ Alexandria Univ, Fac Pharm, Dept Clin Pharm & Pharm Practice, Alexandria 5372066, Egypt ...more addresses E-mail Addresses: m.elnaem@ulster.ac.uk Categories/ Research Areas: Pharmacology & Pharmacy 6.185.2797 AI Classification Citation 6 Social 6.185 Topics: Sciences Communication **Web of Science** Pharmacology & Pharmacy Categories English Language Accession WOS:001502797500001 Number PubMed ID 40465181

MENU

ISSN 2210-7703

eISSN 2210-7711

IDS Number 5WU8K

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Journal information

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF CLINICAL PHARMACY •

0.71

ISSN 2210-7703

Journal Citation

eISSN 2210-7711

Indicator ™

(2024)

Current SPRINGER, VAN GODEWIJCKSTRAAT 30, 3311 GZ

Publisher DORDRECHT, NETHERLANDS

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