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Lightweight Real-Time Recurrent Models for Speech Enhancement and Automatic Speech Recognition

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Abstract Traditional recurrent neural networks (RNNs) encounter difficulty in capturing

long-term temporal dependencies. However, lightweight recurrent models for

speech enhancement are important to improve speech, while being

efficiently. This study proposes a lightweight hourglass -shaped model for speech enhancement (SE) and automatic recognition (ASR). Simple recurrent units (SRU) with skip connections are implemented where attention gates are added to the skip connections, highlighting the important features and spectral regions. The

computationally efficient and able to capture long-term temporal dependencies

operates without relying on future information that is well -suited for real-time

processing. Combined acoustic features and two training objectives are estimated. Experimental evaluations using the short time intelligibility (STOI), perceptual

evaluation of speech quality (PESQ), and word error rates (WERs) indicate better

intelligibility, perceptual quality, and word recognition rates. The composite measures further confirm the performance of residual noise and speech distortion.

With the TIMIT database, the proposed improves the STOI and PESQ by 16.21%

and 0.69 (31.1%) whereas with the LibriSpeech database, the improves STOI by

16.41% and PESQ by 0.71 (32.9%) over the noisy speech. Further, our model outperforms other deep neural networks (DNNs) in seen and unseen conditions. The ASR performance is measured the Kaldi toolkit and achieves 15.13% WERs in noisy backgrounds.

Keywords

Author Keywords: Real-Time Speech; Simple Recurrent Unit (SRU); Speech Enhancement; Speech Processing; Speech Quality

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