Web of Science[™]

Search

🔘 Nur Ezzati M Taib 🗸

Results for HEAT TRANSFER... > Heat Transfer of Ca (NO3)2-KNO3 Molten Salt Mixtures for Austempering an...

Heat Transfer of Ca (NO₃)₂-KNO₃ Molten Salt Mixtures for Austempering and Martempering Processes of Steels

Ву	Quadros, JD (Quadros, Jaimon D.) ; Khan, SA (Khan, Sher Afghan) ; Mohin, M (Mohin, Ma) ; Mogul, YI (Mogul, Yakub I.) ; Aabid, A (Aabid, Abdul) ; Baig, M (Baig, Muneer) ; Ahmed, OS (Ahmed, Omar Shabbir)
	View Web of Science ResearcherID and ORCID (provided by Clarivate)
Source	ACS OMEGA DOI: 10.1021/acsomega.3c10262
Early Access	APR 2024
Indexed	2024-04-16
Document Type	Article; Early Access
Abstract	Molten salts are highly effective as a quenching medium for austempering and martempering processes, enabling precise control of cooling rates to achieve the desired microstructures and mechanical characteristics in steel components. One such promising molten salt is a multicomponent Ca (NO3)(2)-KNO3 molten salt. The current work explores the cooling severity of molten Ca (NO3)(2)-KNO3 mixtures, which are commonly used for such purposes. The said mixture, with varying concentrations and bath temperatures was used for quenching the Inconel probe with thermocouples. The temperature data extracted was used to determine the transient heat flux developed at the metal-quenchant interface. A set of critical points were assessed against the peak heat extraction rates. Additionally, the fluctuation of mean heat flux and surface temperature in relation to these crucial points were plotted, along with changes in composition and bath temperature of the quench media. The cooling intensity of these quench solutions, as measured by Inconel probes, correlated well with the average hardness values observed in steel

	probes. The level of homogeneity in heat transmission, as measured by the spatial variance of the normalized heat energy, decreased as the percentage of KNO3 in the quench medium increased.
Keywords	Keywords Plus: COOLING PERFORMANCE; QUENCH MEDIUM; TEMPERATURE; WATER; OIL
Addresses	¹ Univ Bolton, RAK Acad Ctr, Dept Mech Engn, Ras Al Khaymah 16038, U Arab Emirates:
	² Int Islamic Univ Malaysia, Dept Mech & Aerosp Engn, Kuala Lumpur 53100, Selangor, Malaysia:
	³ Univ Bolton, Sch Engn, Bolton BL3 5AB, England:
	⁴ Univ Bolton, Natl Ctr Motorsport Engn, Bolton BL3 5AB, England:
	⁵ Prince Sultan Univ, Coll Engn, Dept Engn Management, Riyadh 11586, Saudi Arabia:
Categories/	Research Areas: Chemistry
Classification	Citation7 Engineering & Topics:7.12 Metallurgical Engineering7.12.417 Retained AusteniteSustainable Development Goals:11 Sustainable Cities and Communities
Web of Science Categories	Chemistry, Multidisciplinary
Language	English
Accession Number	WOS:001200609900001
PubMed ID	38645353
ISSN	2470-1343
IDS Number	NL4Z6
	– See fewer data fields
Citation Network	Use in Web of Science

2

2

In Web of Science Core Collection

0 Citations

EK MENU

0

Last 180 Days Since 2013

How does this document's citation performance compare to peers?

← Open comparison metrics panel

Data is from InCites Benchmarking & Analytics

This record is from:

Web of Science Core Collection

• Science Citation Index Expanded (SCI-EXPANDED)

Suggest a correction

If you would like to improve the quality of the data in this record, please **Suggest a correction**

Clarivate[®] Accelerating innovation

© 2024 Clarivate Data Correction Copyright NoticeManage cookie preferences Follow Us

Training Portal Privacy StatementCookie Policy

Product SupportNewsletter

Terms of Use

