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Abstract

This paper proposed novel Hill Climbing Search (HCS) algorithm to reach maximum power point tracking (MPPT). The proposed algorithm used two main techniques; the first one is power prediction mode and the second one is the two-mode HCS algorithm. The latter is used to achieve the maximum possible power from Wind Energy Conversion System (WECS) with better efficiency, faster convergence speed and using only two-mode (more simple) to avoid the iteration and delay. Moreover, novel algorithm not requires any prior knowledge of WECS and it's considered absolutely independent of Wind Turbine (WT) generator. The simulation results confirm that the proposed algorithm is remarkably faster by 30 % of the total time required comparing to the mode HCS and more efficient due to simplicity. © 2020 IEEE.

Author Keywords

hill climbing search (HCS); maximum power point tracking (MPPT); wind energy conversion system (WECS); wind turbine (WT)

Index Keywords

Conversion efficiency, Maximum power point trackers, Wind power; Faster convergence, Hill climbing search, Maximum Power Point Tracking, Novel algorithm, Power predictions, Prior knowledge, Wind energy conversion system; Iterative methods

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