Scopus

Documents

Shukri, N.A.M., Syafie, R.H., Mahmood, W.F.F.W.

Sugar craving and stress levels during different phases of menstrual cycle among university students (2023) *Malaysian Journal of Nutrition*, 29 (2), pp. 267-272.

DOI: 10.31246/mjn-2022-0094

Department of Nutrition Sciences, Kulliyyah of Allied Health Sciences, International Islamic University Malaysia (IIUM), Pahang, Malaysia

Abstract

Introduction: The menstrual cycle in women is often associated with appetite control, mood, and behavioural changes due to hormonal imbalance. However, levels of sugar craving and stress during pre- and post-menstrual periods have not been thoroughly studied. This cross-sectional study aimed to compare levels of stress and sugar cravings during different phases of menstrual cycle among university students. Methods: Participants aged 19–25 years were assessed for sugar craving and stress during pre- and post-menstrual periods. They were requested to fill out the Sugar Craving Assessment Tool (SCAT) and Perceived Stress Scale (PSS-10) questionnaires on the first day of menses (the pre-menses phase) by recalling how they felt throughout the past seven days. The participants completed the same set of questionnaires again two days after their menses ended (post-menses phase) by recalling how they felt within the previous two days. Results: Ninety-three students participated in the study. Pre-menstrual SCAT score (40.0±19.6) was higher than post-menstrual SCAT score (32.1±19.4), t(91)=4.82, p<0.001. Mean PSS-10 score was also higher before menstruation (22.8±6.2) than after menstruation (17.5±6.1), t(91)=6.26, p<0.001. There was no significant difference in mean sugar craving scores of different stress categories, either during pre-menses [F(2,90)=1.39, p=0.256] or post-menses [F(2,90)=0.89, p=0.415]. Conclusion: The findings indicate that levels of sugar craving and stress were higher during pre-menstrual phase compared to post-menstrual phase in young adults. However, whether sugar cravings are linked to stress during the menstrual cycle is inconclusive and requires further investigation. © (2023). All Rights Reserved.

Author Keywords

menstrual cycle; post-menses; pre-menses; stress; sugar cravings

Index Keywords

adult, article, controlled study, cross-sectional study, female, human, human experiment, major clinical study, menstrual cycle, menstruation, Perceived Stress Scale, physiological stress, questionnaire, sweet craving, university student, young adult

Funding details

The authors would like to sincerely thank all the study participants.

References

- Cohen, S, Kamarck, T, Mermelstein, R
 A global measure of perceived stress
 (1983) J Health Soc Behav, 24, pp. 385-396.
- de Souza, LB, Martins, KA, Cordeiro, MM, Rodrigues, YS, Rafacho, BPM, Bomfim, RA Do food intake and food cravings change during the menstrual cycle of young women?

(2018) Rev Bras Ginecol Obstet, 40 (11), pp. 686-692.

- Gorczyca, AM, Sjaarda, LA, Mitchell, EM, Perkins, NJ, Schliep, KC, Wactawski-Wende, J, Mumford, SL
 - Changes in macronutrient, micronutrient, and food group intakes throughout the menstrual cycle in healthy, premenopausal women (2016) *Eur J Nutr*, 55 (3), pp. 1181-1188.
- Gallon, CW, Ferreira, CF, Henz, A, Oderich, CL, Conzatti, M, Ritondale Sodré de Castro, J, Parmegiani Jahn, M, Wender, MCO
 - Leptin, ghrelin, & insulin levels and food intake in premenstrual syndrome: A casecontrol study

(2021) Appetite, 168, p. 105750.

 Guerrini-Usubini, A, Cattivelli, R, Scarpa, A, Musetti, A, Varallo, G, Franceschini, C, Castelnuovo, G

The interplay between emotion dysregulation, psychological distress, emotional eating, and weight status: A path model (2023) *Int J Clin Health Psychol*, 23 (1), p. 100338.

- (2020) National Health and Morbidity Survey (NHMS) 2019: Vol. I: NCDs Non-Communicable Diseases: Risk Factors and other Health Problems, Institute for Public Health, Ministry of Health Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur
- (2015) National Health and Morbidity Survey (NHMS) 2015. Vol. II: Non-Communicable Diseases, Risk Factors & Other Health Problems, Institute for Public Health, Ministry of Health Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur
- (2011) National Health and Morbidity Survey (NHMS) 2011, II.
 Non-Communicable Diseases. Institute for Public Health, Ministry of Health Malaysia, Kuala Lumpur
- Liu, Q, Wang, Y, Van Heck, CH, Qiao, W
 Stress reactivity and emotion in premenstrual syndrome (2017) Neuropsychiatr Dis Treat, 13, p. 1597.
- Lorenz, TK, Gesselman, AN, Vitzthum, VJ
 Variance in mood symptoms across menstrual cycles: Implications for premenstrual dysphoric disorder
 (2017) Women's Reprod Health, 4 (2), pp. 77-88.
- Macedo, DM, Diez-Garcia, RW
 Sweet craving and ghrelin and leptin levels in women during stress (2014) Appetite, 80, pp. 264-270.
- Wan Fathin Fariza, WM, Nik Mazlan, M
 Sugar craving and sugar intake pattern among Malay adults
 (2017) International J Allied Health Sci, 1 (1).
 From [Retrieved May 1 2019]
- Westwater, ML, Fletcher, PC, Ziauddeen, H Sugar addiction: the state of the science (2016) Eur J Nutr, 55, pp. 55-69. (Suppl 2)
- Physical status: the use and interpretation of anthropometry. Report of a WHO Expert Committee. (1995)
 (1995) World Health Organization Technical Report Series, 854, pp. 1-452.
- Yanovski, S

Sugar and fat: cravings and aversions (2003) *J Nutr*, 133 (3), pp. 835S-837S.

Correspondence Address

Shukri N.A.M.; Department of Nutrition Sciences, Jalan Sultan Ahmad Shah, Pahang, Malaysia; email: norazwani@iium.edu.my

Publisher: Malaysian Journal of Nutrition

ISSN: 1394035X

Language of Original Document: English Abbreviated Source Title: Malays. J. Nutr.

2-s2.0-85172325704

Document Type: Article

Publication Stage: Final

Source: Scopus

ELSEVIER

Copyright © 2023 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved. Scopus® is a registered trademark of Elsevier B.V.

RELX Group™